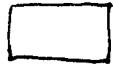


27 APR 13

Roderick

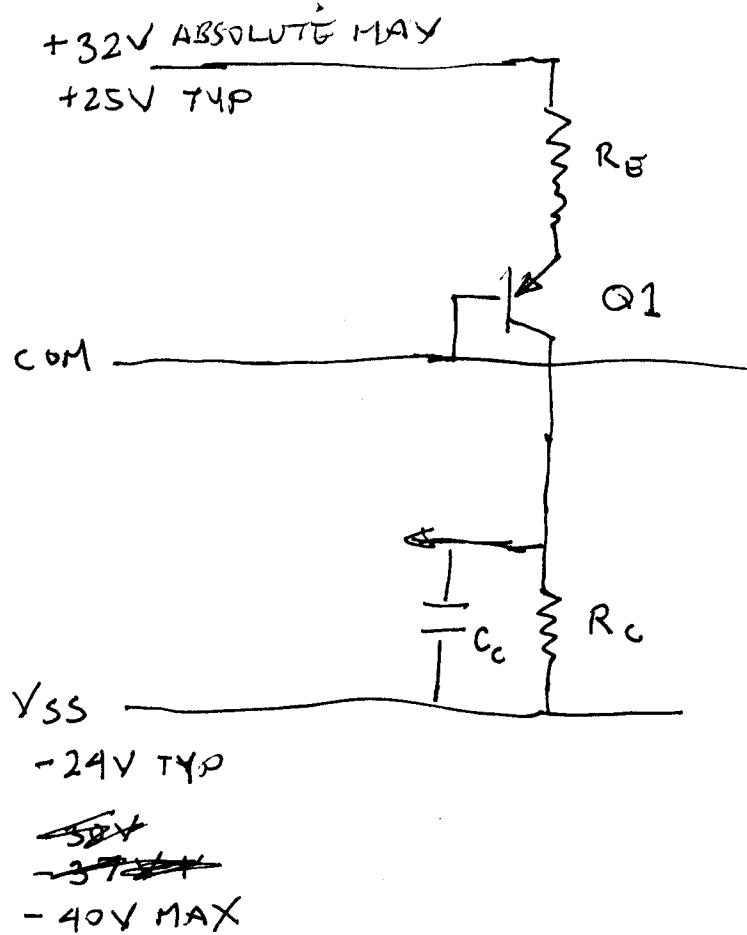
CURRENT SENSE RESISTOR.

WAS GOING TO USE LEADED 5W RESISTORS
FROM HALTEC - Q4 FOR 0.05Ω. BUT IT SEEMS CAN
GET 5W ~~RES~~ SMT RESISTORS SPECIFICALLY
MADE FOR CURRENT SENSE. ABOUT \$2 @
Mouser, PACKAGE IS 2547 OR SO 
WOULD HAVE HEAVY GROUNDED COPPER ANYWAY
FOR HEAT SINK.

NEED TO MAKE LAND PATTERN IN DESIGNSPARK,
DOUBTFUL THERE IS ONE.

30 APR 13; Roderick.

COMMON BASE CURRENT MIRROR.



EXPERIMENTS HAVE SHOWN THAT PICAXE ADC IS HIGH IMPEDANCE, 100 μ A THROUGH R_E SHOULD BE PLenty.

IGNORE B-E DROP OF Q1. $R_E = \frac{E}{I} = \frac{32}{10^{-4}} = 320 \times 10^3 = 320K$

WILL USE 1.024V REFERENCE FOR PICAXE, DUE TO NEED TO MONITOR 560mV ELSEWHERE. $R_C = \frac{E}{I} = \frac{1.024}{10^{-4}} = 10K$

IGNORING SMALL LOSS OF CURRENT THROUGH BASE

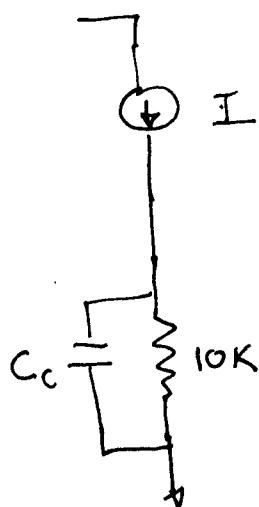
Q1 MUST WITHSTAND 72V COLLECTOR-BITTER. 80V OR 100V TRANSISTOR. HIGH GAIN AS POSSIBLE. NEED NOT BE FAST - SAMPLED 1x PER SECOND.

C_C NO LOAD OPTIONAL. PROTECT AGAINST NOISE.

IF $C_C = 1\text{ nF}$, $\tau = RC = 10^4 \cdot 10^{-6} = 10\text{ ms}$

30 April 3; Roderick.

LOOKED AT ANOTHER WAY,



WHEN MOTOR TURNS ON,
BATT GOES FROM (SAY)
24V TO 23V.

$$\Delta V = 1V \sim 4\%$$

$$\Delta I = \text{ABOUT SAME}$$

SAY $I = 65\text{mA}$, CHANGE TO 62mA .

PASS VOLTAGE CHANGE APPROX 30mV

IF ALL OF LOST 3mA GOES TO CHARGING
CAPACITOR, HOW LONG TO SETTLE?

$$1\mu\text{F} \quad 3\text{mA} \quad \tau = 3 \text{ SEC}$$

$$.01\mu\text{F} \quad 3\text{mA} \quad \tau = .03 \text{ SEC} \quad 5\tau = 0.15 \text{ SEC}$$

THIS IS VALID

PNP TRANSISTOR SELECTION - Mouser. PNP, $V_{CEO} \geq 80\text{V}$, SOT-23,

- HIGH GAIN

SORT BY PRICE

Mouser
Index
Wanted - } FJV992ENTF $\rightarrow -120\text{V}$, $h_{FE} = 300$ min, $I_{C(\text{max})} = 50\text{mA}$

Check
DATA
SHEET

FJV992PMTF " , $h_{FE} = 200$ min, " "

MBTAS6 80V , $h_{FE} = 100$ min, $I_C = 0.5\text{A}$

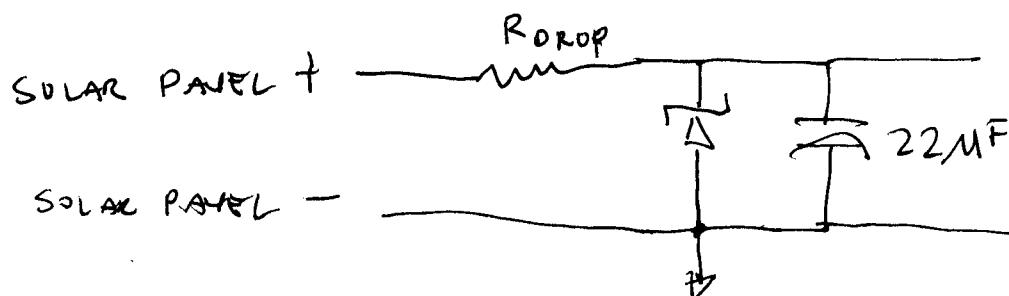
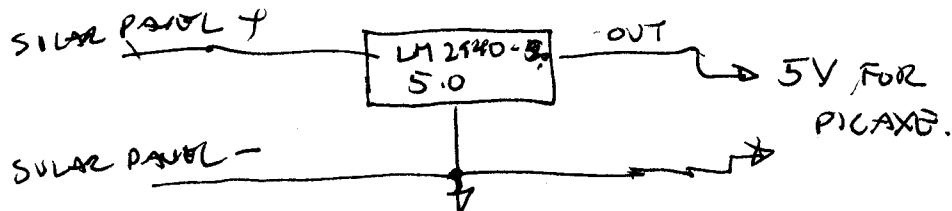
DIGIKEY ONLINE INDEX NOT AS USER FRIENDLY AS MOUSER,
BUT DATA WAS ACCURATE FOR FJV992ENTF

30 APR 13; Rochester.

CURRENT REQUIRED BY PICAXE IS 5mA OR LESS.

BETTER TO USE ZENER DIODE FOR REGULATOR.

SHOULD BE GOOD SOURCE. AMP WOULD TOLERATE $> 35V_{IN}$



BAD PART IS THAT TO DESIGN FOR POSSIBLE
INPUT OF 12V, R_{PROP} WOULD BE $\frac{1}{3}$ OF
WHAT IT WAS PREVIOUSLY PLANNED.

MEANS BURNING EXTRA POWER AT NOMINAL V_{IN}

MAYBE $S_P^+ \rightarrow 10V \rightarrow$ [Regulator Box] $= 10V 5mA = .05W$

COLUSA RIDGE

2 WATER BOTTLES

~~TAKE STUFF OUT OF VEST?~~

HYDRO CORTISONE

BICEPS SLEEVES

SARVA

GLOVES

CAMERA

EYEDROPS

SUNGASSES

→ BATTERIES

~~THE GAS~~

TUUTHDRUSH

CHARGED

LUBE BIKES

LAPTOP

FAST RAK

WHITE SHIRTS

SKIVVIES SOCKS

REGULAR SHORTS

~~PULL OUT MAPS~~

LUNCH DRINKS

REFRESHMENT

These directions are for planning purposes only. You may find that construction projects, traffic, weather, or other events may cause conditions to differ from the map results, and you should plan your route accordingly. You must obey all signs or notices regarding your route.

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07 MAY 13.

SCHOTTKY DIODE IDEAL FOR SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY
BECAUSE OF LOW FORWARD VOLTAGE. MEANS LESS
POWER WASTED IN DIODE. ~~THE PTC NEEDS DIODE~~
PTC WILL HAVE AVERAGE CURRENT OF 10A WHEN
MOTOR IS RUNNING. $1V \approx V_F$ ON DIODE MEANS ~~5W~~
10 WATTS WASTED. IF CAN GET $V_F = 0.5V$, THEN
ONLY 5 WATTS WASTED.

NEED V_R OF AT LEAST 80V. $I_{ave} > 10A$.

- NOTICED THAT DIODES MADE TO HANDLE MORE CURRENT HAVE LOWER V_F . CAN GET A 30A DIODE LIKE NTSJ30N100 CTG. ~~AS~~
- WHEN THERE ARE 2 DIODES IN A PACKAGE, PARALLEL THEM. THIS PUTS LOWER CURRENT THROUGH EACH, AND THUS LOWER V_F .
- V_F IS LESS WHEN $T_j = 125^\circ C$, MAYBE SHOULD JUST LET THE DIODE HEAT UP?

POWER WASTE

COULD TEST DIODE HEATING w/ SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT OF SOLAR PANEL.

POWER LOSS ELEMENTS - SWITCH, DIODE, CURRENT SENSE RESISTOR, MOTOR?